

MED MSMEs- Policies for inclusive growth: Coordination meeting

National Financial Inclusion Strategy- Moroccan case

June 23rd - 2022

Agenda

Approach & process

2 Vision & Ambitions

Strategic orientations & levers

4 Examples

Approach & process (1/2)



Large process of coordination and concertation launched since 2016 under Bank Al-Maghrib and Ministry of Finance leadership ...

2016- 2018 2019- 2023

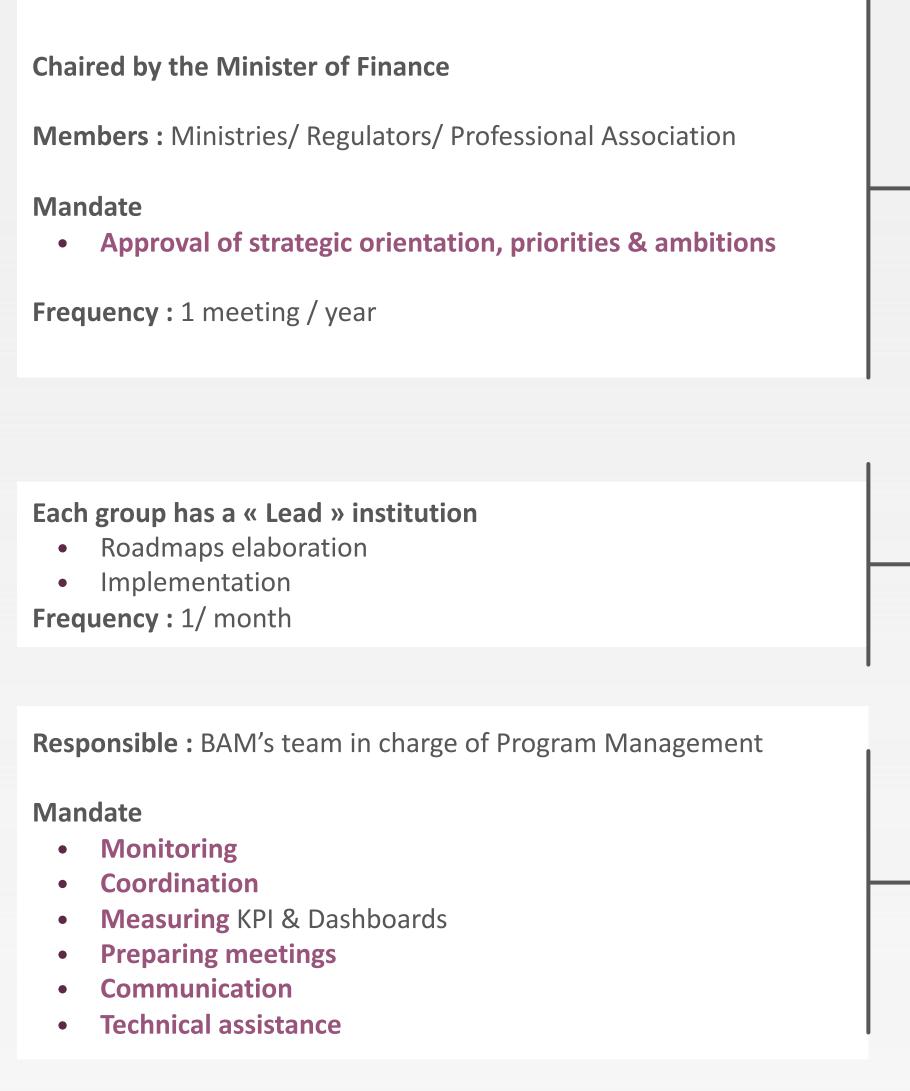
- 1. Governance structure / Strategic & operational bodies
- 2. Current state diagnostic based on supply & demand side data analysis
- 3. Pre-formulation based on a collaborative approach (Search conference)
- 4. Formulation building on conclusions from preliminary phases and international practices

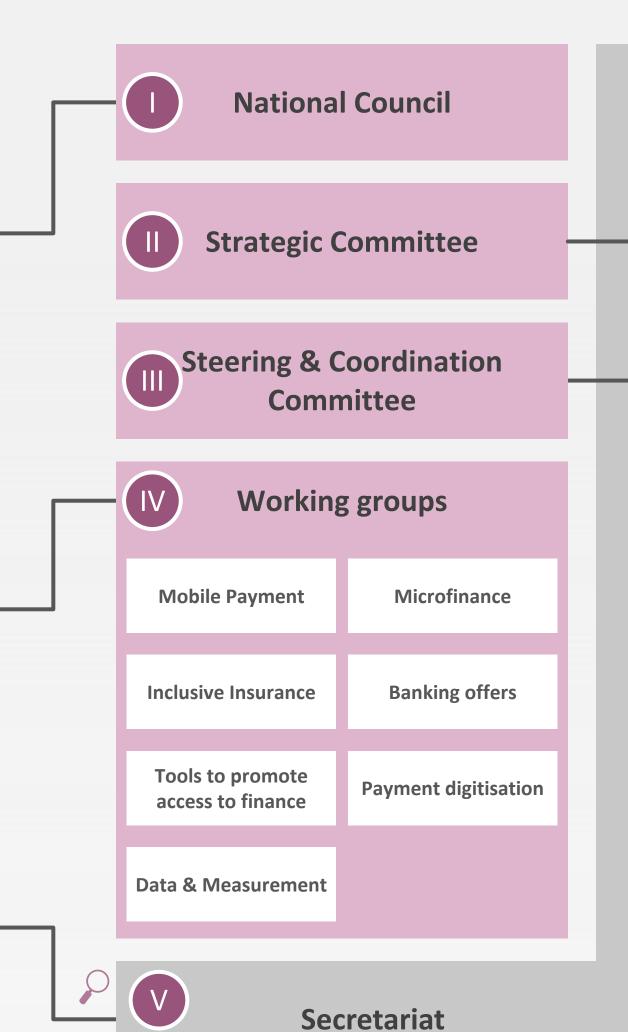
- 1. Operationalization of governance bodies
- 2. Elaboration of the detailed roadmap of the NFIS
- 3. Implementation process (technical working groups)
- 4. Monitoring & Evaluation including financial inclusion indicators (Access, Usage & Quality)
- 5. Impact measurement





Approach & process (2/2)





Chaired by the Governor of BAM

Members: Ministries/ Regulators/ Professional Associations

Mandate

- **Operational** steering, defining strategic orientations & adjustments / arbitrage
- Leading the implementation process
- **Engaging** stakeholders

Frequency: 3-4 / year

Members

BAM & Ministry of Finance

Mandate

- Monitoring implementation process (roadmaps, delivrables, ...)
- Reporting to strategic committee

Frequency: 1-2 / month





Vision & Ambitions



... led to national vision and ambitions as well as a close collaboration with sectoral policies



Vision



Equitable access for all individuals and businesses to formal financial products and services (transactions, payments, savings, financing and insurance) to be used according to their needs and means, in order to promote economic inclusion while preserving their rights and dignity







Achieve, then exceed the "relevant" penetration level for Morocco

Reducing the most significant inclusion gaps

Leveraging financial inclusion for economic and social inclusion





Strategic orientations & levers



... led to a national vision and ambitions as well as a close collaboration with sectoral policies

Successful deployment of **MSMEs** Setting up an inclusive Mobile payment framework for MSMEs and financing start ups' financing tools Overhaul Microfinance **Alternative** status to make it a stronger models inclusion lever **Enabling** Speeding up payments Development of a more Conditions dematerialization inclusive insurance for greater usage of Strengthening financial financial Classic Boosting financial inclusion education actions products through banks models Steering Financial inclusion over time Steering & governance tools





Update: Main achievements (1/2)



- Successful deployment of Mobile payment
- 6. Speeding up payments dematerialization



2. Overhaul Microfinance status to make it a stronger inclusion lever



B. Development of a more inclusive insurance

- 1. Economic model: pricing, Tax incentives, ...
- 2. Access to mobile payment: technical aspects, interoperability, ...
- 3. Network development: Operationalization of payment institutions and their agents, ...
- 4. Governance: Implementation of a dedicated Economic Interest Grouping
- 5. Communication & financial education: Communication strategy, targeted campaigns, dedicated financial education program, ...
- 6. Digitization of social aids: pilot experience on a scholarship program
- 1. Legal & regulatory framework: new law published in July 2021, regulatory framework ongoing
- 2. Incentives & counterparties: adoption of tax incentives, setting financial inclusion goals
- 3. Sectors transformation: support measures for successful transformation
- 1. Legal & regulatory framework: introduction of micro-insurance to promote accessibility & simplification of standard contracts
- 2. Dedicated offers for Very Small Businesses: new partnerships with relevant Ministries and launch of study related to VSBs needs
- 3. Financial education: training model on micro-insurance with specific sheets explaining contracts
- 4. **Measurement**: development of inclusive insurance barometer

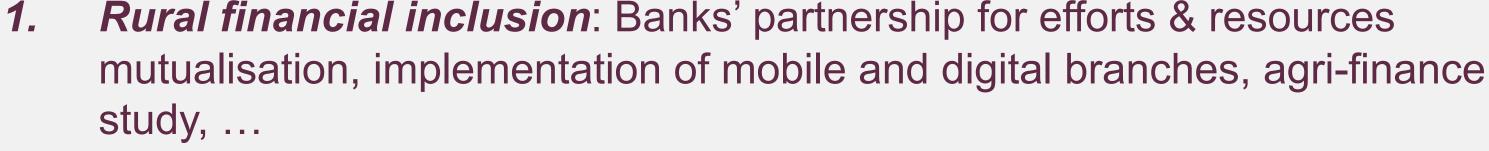




Update: Main achievements (2/2)



Boosting financial inclusion through banks





People with disabilities: dedicated roadmap, specific code of conduct for barrier-free banking and payment services



Setting up an inclusive framework for MSMEs and start ups' financing



- Movable registries: legal provisions, capacity building programs for financial institutions and target population
- Crowdfunding: legal & regulatory framework and development of a dedicated ecosystem





Support from the secretariat: Impact measurement tools, awareness raising measures, studies (agri-finance, financial capability barometer, mystery shopping, ...)



Examples (1/3)

Example 1: Crowdfunding (1/2)



In Morocco, specific law was adopted



Participatory financing allowing project owners (individuals, companies, associations) to raise funds directly from individuals via digital platforms



3 categories

- Donations with no expectation of financial return/ with or without counterparts
- **Direct loans** with or without interest
- **Investments** in the company's capital to become a shareholder

Legal framework for Collaborative Finance Companies (CFCs):

- o Legal and prudential rules (minimum share capital, legal form, etc.)
- Supervisory authorities: BAM for lending and grant activities and AMMC for capital investment activities
- Allowed activities for CFCs: terms and conditions.
- Authorized funding limits per contributor and per project

Approval system for "loan" and "investment" type CFCs:

- Minimum conditions for approval: requirements for structuring the organization, securing transactions, etc.
- Procedure for the examination of the application by authorities: processing time, registration in the CFC register, etc.







Examples (2/3)

Example 1: Crowdfunding (2/2)



Regulatory framework:

- **Issuance of a decree on Mai 19**th: provides operational details to be completed by regulators' provisions. It defines the status of the business angel and set the eligibility criteria to benefit from it (to be a member of investors' network recognized by the Ministry of Finance, ...). It sets the list of excluded activities & businesses for participatory financing operations
- Bank Al-Maghrib's circulars: setting the conditions and modalities for the implementation of financing operations in the "loan" or "donation" category (licensing, contracts content for CFCs & Credit Institutions, reporting, internal control, information to contributors...)



Examples (3/3)

Example 2: Microfinance

A credit institution status dedicated to microfinance objectives



• Promote financial inclusion for a better socio-economic insertion



- Low income individuals & businesses
- Income generation/ job-creating activities



- Production or service activity to ensure economic insertion
- Acquisition, construction or improvement of housing
- Electrical installations or access to drinking water
- Subscription to insurance contracts with insurance companies

- ⇒ Boost microcredit role in the financial system, improve its governance, and expand microfinance institutions scope
- ⇒ New activities: deposits and micro-insurance operations

The new law defines microcredit institutions as "legal entity carrying out microcredit activities in favor of limited income population with the aim of creating or developing production or service activities, or income-generating and job-creating activities.

2 options: Association or a joint stock company assimilated to credit institution.





